# OUR WORLD Globalisation & Interdependence





Click below to find out how each year group will deliver 'Our World'



## 'Our World' in the Foundation Stage

The world is vast but in the foundation stage 'Our World' looks very different than that of an older child. For a young child of 3-5 years of age, 'The World' means their immediate family and friends and the places that they know. Where are these places, what are they like and how do we get there? In FS we need to develop our knowledge by exploring the immediate and local environment and beyond. As the children progress through FS they begin to become more aware of other places outside of their immediate locality, such as neighbouring towns and other countries. This is developed mainly through stories, visits and sharing experiences of travel. We build on the children's natural curiosity by researching places of interest and cultures, looking at similarities and differences, extending vocabulary and the meaning of new words.



THEME OF GLOBAL CITIZENSHIP	EYFS (Ages 3-5)	KS1 (Ages 5-7)	KS2 (Ages 7-11)		
Globalisation and interdependence	<ul> <li>⇒ immediate and local environment</li> <li>⇒ simple links with other places (e.g. through learning about food)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>⇒ similarities and differences between places in various parts of the world, including own setting</li> <li>⇒ links between local community and the wider world</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>⇒ global connections between peoples and countries (e.g. through trade and communications)</li> <li>⇒ how local actions affect the wider world</li> </ul>		

	Learning Opportunities		Out and About		OUR WORLD	
1 2	<ul> <li>Knowledge harvest – Find out what the children already know about Our World</li> <li>In the moment planning – children's learning enhanced and extended through adult interaction in response to their own interests and opportunities that arise in their play.</li> </ul>	1 2 4			Gobalisation & Interdependence	
3	<u>Focused Literacy opportunities –</u> •Talk for writing - learning, using and developing fiction	1	Related books We're Going on a Bear		FS1 & FS2	
4	<ul> <li>Focused Communication and language opportunities</li> <li>Describing and recalling experiences, journeys, local area, talking about stories</li> <li>Extending vocabulary and the meaning of new words</li> <li>Descriptive vocabulary</li> </ul>	2	Rosie's Walk		Vocabulary           Place names           Sennelager,	
5	Focused Mathematical opportunities • Positional and directional language • Size • Time	4 5 6	Aliens love Underpants		Paderborn, Detmold, Germany, UK	
6	<ul> <li>reconnology eg. Beebors, recording using ipads, cam-</li> </ul>	1	Festivals, traditions and celebrations Shrove Tuesday – pancake day	2	Earth	
	eras •Simple mapping Ideas for Home	2	Valentines day – 14 <sup>th</sup> February Chinese New Year – 25 <sup>th</sup> January	3	Environment – local, national, international	
1	Go out and about on different forms of transport			4	Globe, atlas, map	
2	and talk about the journey Visit areas in the locality eg. parks, go for walks and talk about what you can see.	1	Stay and play1Valentines stay and play – 13th February		journey, travel, space, planets	
3 4	Look at a globe/ map and identify countries visited, where relatives live etc. Culture wheels (a letter will be sent home to explain)	FS links: *Local and immediate environment * Simple links with other places				

## **'Our World' in KS1**

Our world is a huge place, but we are all connected in more ways than we realise. Countries, businesses, people; we are all able to communicate with one another, trade and link up more easily than ever before. How is this possible? And how are the things within our world all interdependent on one another?

In KS1, the children will build upon what they have learnt about their immediate world in the foundation stage. The children will begin to explore their local area, taking note of the businesses and services that are on offer. As the children progress through KS1, they will develop their understanding of larger businesses in wider area and why these have chosen 'Paderborn' as a place to settle. Through using maps and atlases, as well as secondary sources of information through the use of photographs and the internet, the children will develop their awareness of how factors such as community, transport and infrastructure all contribute to why a business trades here.

In our modern society, it is incredible how small businesses are able to trade internationally through the use of the internet. The children will begin to explore the concept of communication and how early forms of communication were used to relay messages to one another. The children will develop their understanding of different forms of communication and will explore the effectiveness of the internet as they move through KS1.

The children will learn what it is like to work within a business and will have the experience of designing, making and developing a product which they will then consider ways in which they could promote this to a 'global' audience.

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		1			
	Learning Opportunities		History		OUR WORLD
1	<b>Entry Point</b> - exploring different foods that are available to buy from our local shops. Where do the children think the food originates from?	1	How has communication changed over time. Who was Alexander Graham Bell?		Globalisation & Interdependence
2	<b>Knowledge Harvest</b> - What do the children already know about business and how businesses communicate their ideas.	2	The inventor of the telephone. Geography		
3	Trip into Sennelager to see what businesses are in our local area.	1	Where are we located in the world? Use of atlas' / globes.	ſ	Year 1
4	What type of businesses are situated in our local area? Why have they chosen to open a shop here?	2	How is Sennelager different to other towns/cities around the world?		Vocabulary
5	How did people / businesses communicate in the past? How has that changed over time?	3	What businesses have been set up in our local area? Why?	1	Town City
6	Investigate Pizza Hut recipes and discuss our favourite foods / toppings.	4	Where do our food products come from?	3	Country
7	Design and cook our invented pizza designs and			4	Continent
/	enjoy our tasty treats!	1	How do companies use ICT to promote their product?	5	Globalisation
	Ideas for Home	2	Create an advert to promote your	6	Interdependence
1	Look at your food shop and try to find on a map where different food items are grown / produced.		pizza. Design Technology	7	Communication
2	Explore your local surroundings and discuss why certain businesses have located there.	1	How do Pizza Hut make quality pizzas?	8	Manufacture
3	Try creating your own pizza at home following our simple recipe idea.	2	Learn the skills needed to create a pizza - grating, spreading, cooking	9	Trade
4	Discuss adverts you might see on TV - what did you like about it? What was it trying to promote?	3	etc. Design and make your own pizza.	10	Produce
			12 - 2 -		

Learning Opportunities			Ideas for Home		OUR WORLD
1	<b>Entry Point</b> - looking at food products, thinking where they came from but how they were delivered to us.	1	<ol> <li>When in town, have a look at the businesses of shops that are there. Discuss with your child w they sell?, why you think they are there?, who might visit these shops?</li> <li>Look at the food products you use everyday. Research where these come from. Make a list of the ways in which you communication.</li> </ol>		Globalisation & Interdependence
2	<b>Knowledge Harvest</b> - What do the children already know about business and how businesses communicate their ideas.				
3	Through maps, photographs and other sources of infor- mation, we will look at the types of businesses in our lo- cal area, e.g. Food Shops, Services such as post offices	3	you us regularly, e.g. phone, skype, facetime messenger?		
-	or banks.		Related books		
	We expand our thinking to focus on large shops and businesses within our local and semi-local	1	The World Came to My Place Today by Jo Readman and Ley Honor Roberts		Vocabulary
4	area. Why do places such as IKEA and BENTELER choose to do business near Paderborn and the surrounding locality?	2	Casey The Container by Kristina Bowden	1 2	Globalisation Business
	Communication: How communication has evolved over time. Developing from the Y1 History curriculum, Y2 will learn about the significance of the internet, the scientist Tim Berners-Lee and the significance of his invention of the world wide web.		History	3	Interdependence
F		1	How has advancements in	4	Trade
5			communication have helped support globalisation.	5	Product
	In design, the children will have the chance to design a	2	Who is Sir Tim Berners Lee? The inventor of the world wide web.	6	Manufacture
6	new product for the customers of a local business.				
-	They will then have the chance to explore how to	Geography			
/	market this product globally using technology.	,	The classification of businesses	1	How do companies use ICT to promote their
	Design Technology	1	within our local area.		products? Create an advert to
Design, make and evaluate an interesting photo 1 frame for an IKEA customer that can be transported		3	What larger businesses have chosen to locate themselves in our	2	
	asily.		local area? Why?		
/	cills related to creating a frame: sawing wood, utting card, affixing materials effectively.	4	How do products get transported all around the world?		

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## **'Our World' in LKS2**

We are largely British people living in a German society but within our class alone we have families that come from South Africa, Sweden, St Lucia, Ghana, Pakistan, The Netherlands, Fiji and more that I've forgotten. In addition to that we have families who have lived in Turkey, Nepal, Brunei among other places. This is important and relevant learning for children right now and as they grow up.

We are products of an inter connected world and we owe it to our children to give them as much information about the world as possible. One of the biggest international news stories of our generation is based around the relationship

between countries. Significant historical landmarks are made up from our countries interact with one another. Sometimes these relationships are not equal and generate questions of moral.

During this half term children will learn about how countries are connected together by trade and by communication – we all consume products made from other countries and most of us have friends that live in a different country to ours. The children will also thinking about how small and local actions can have a wider affect around the world.

Children will learn knowledge and develop the skills to think independently about the issues covered.

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# Year 3&4

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	English		Our focus for Globalisation and Interdependence	OUR WORLD				
1	Read poems from other countries about them- selves.	Ho	w does global trade and communication	Globalisation & Interdependence				
2	Write a poem about the identity of Germany.		affect me?					
3	In depth reading of 'Cloud Tea Monkeys' – a story of a girl dealing with a poorly mother whilst working on a tea leaf plantation.		Geography	Year 3&4				
4	Writing a new ending to 'Cloud Tea Monkey'.	1	Learn that we consume products that come from all over the world.					
5	Writing a fact report about what being a global person means. How does trade and communica- tion effect me?	2	Which countries trade with one another?					
	non ellect mes	3	Why does Germany trade with the world?					
	Oracy – Discussions we'll to have	4	What do other countries trade?					
	Why is it important that Americans learn to communi- cate in Spanish?	5	Why doesn't Germany grow all its own crops?					
	Why are some people so desperate to move coun-	6	Do people always make the right choices when it comes to trade?					

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packaging and design a packet for a

Examine and evaluate food

locally made product.

- 2 , tries?
- 3 What values join the world the together?
- 4 Can cultures survive in different countries?
- How can we collectively help to improve the environment? 5

## **'Our World' in UKS2**

Our children are our global citizens of the future. We want to enable our learners to think, act and achieve in order to secure a sustainable and global future.

Through our learning of 'Our World', we will build upon the children's knowledge of the world around them, including how communities are linked together and how local actions affect the wider world. In our day to day lives, we visit supermarkets often buying products containing palm oil. But how does our consumerism impact on the wider world and the issues surrounding palm oil? How are we impacting on global trade and how does global trade impact on communities and people worldwide?

The children will make connections between people and communities to look at how the palm oil trade impacts on the wider world. The children will focus on Borneo; using geographical knowledge to locate rainforests ,and identify and understand its importance for people as well as the ever fading wildlife. They will concentrate on how local actions such as deforestation and farming for palm oil impacts on the communities of Borneo, from the palm oil farmers, tribesmen and local tour guides, to the global representatives such as business companies.

Children will learn to think independently, develop empathy and acquire the ability to argue effectively in

order to act responsibly for their future as global citizens.

### OUR WORLD Globalisation & Interdependence



## Year 5&6

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English			Learning Opportunities		OUR WORLD	
1	Diary entry	1	Entry point– Trip to the local Naafi in Sennelager to identify products containing palm oil.		Globalisation & Interdependence	
2	Setting descriptions	2	Knowledge Harvest-What do the children already know about trade and palm oil.			
3	Environmental reflections	3	What is trade? What makes an effective trade link?		Year 5&6	
4	Character perspective	4	How does trading affect local people and communities?		Vocabulary	
5	Poetry	5	How does our consumer choice affect social and environmental impact of palm oil?	1	Globalisation Interdependence	
6	Narrative	6	How do global decisions impact locally,	3	Deforestation	
Ŭ	rananyo		nationally and globally?	4	Trade	
7	Discussion leading to a		Geography	5	Impact	
	presentation		Use maps to locate rainforests. Identify and describe trade links.	6	Consumer	
8	Book review	3	Use knowledge of the world to understand the impact of global trading.			